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17		
18	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
10	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
19	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION	
20	DIANNA JOU, on behalf of herself and all	Case No. 3:13-cv-03075-JSC
21	others similarly situated, Plaintiff,	UPDATED JOINT CASE
22	V.	MANAGEMENT STATEMENT
23	KIMBERLY-CLARK CORPORATION;	Date: November 6, 2014
24	KIMBERLY-CLARK WORLDWIDE, INC.; KIMBERLY-CLARK GLOBAL	Time: 1:30 p.m. Place: Courtroom F, 15th Floor
25	SALES, LLC; and DOES 1-5.	Judge: Magistrate Judge Jacqueline Scott Corley
26	Defendants.	Complaint Filed: July 3, 2013
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Plaintiff Dianna Jou and Defendants Kimberly-Clark Corporation, Kimberly-Clark Worldwide, Inc., and Kimberly-Clark Global Sales, LLC (collectively, "Defendants" or "Kimberly-Clark"), jointly submit the following Updated Case Management Statement, pursuant to Local Rule 16-10(d).

1. Jurisdiction and Service:

(a) Subject Matter Jurisdiction: In its Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (the "MTD Order"), the Court held that Plaintiff has adequately alleged Article III standing, except insofar as she seeks to pursue injunctive relief. (Dkt. 42 at 7 (granting Plaintiff leave to amend to add allegations in support of injunctive relief); *id.* at 22 ("An amended complaint, if any, shall be filed no later than 30 days from the date of this Order.").) Plaintiff declined to amend her Complaint at this juncture.

Defendants reserve the right to renew their Article III arguments should discovery reveal additional grounds to challenge Plaintiff's standing to seek restitution and, by extension, this Court's subject matter jurisdiction.

- **(b) Personal Jurisdiction and Venue:** This Court has personal jurisdiction over the parties in this case because Plaintiff is a California citizen and chose to file suit in this forum and because Defendants have consented to the personal jurisdiction of this Court. No issues exist with respect to personal jurisdiction or venue.
- (c) Service: Defendants have waived service of process. (Dkt. 7.) No parties remain to be served.
- **2. Facts:** Plaintiffs Dianna Jou and Jaynry Young, both of whom are consumers residing in California, filed the Complaint in the above-captioned action on July 3, 2013. (Dkt. 1-1.) Plaintiffs allege they purchased Defendants' Huggies® Pure & Natural Diapers and Huggies® Natural Care Baby Wipes (collectively, the "Products"), which Defendants manufacture, market, and distribute to retailers nationwide for sale to consumers. Plaintiffs allege

As discussed below, Plaintiff Jaynry Young filed a stipulation voluntarily dismissing her claims with prejudice on July 31, 2014 (Dkt. 54).

Defendants represent that the Products are natural, environmentally sound, and safer alternatives to traditional diapers and wipes, including traditional Huggies® brand diapers and wipes. Additionally, Plaintiffs allege Defendants represent Huggies® Pure & Natural Diapers as a pure and organic alternative to traditional diapers.² However, according to Plaintiffs, these representations are untrue. Plaintiffs allege that these deceptive representations have caused injury to Plaintiffs and the proposed class. After the MTD Order, Plaintiffs' remaining claims are for: (1) violation of the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Civ. Code § 1750 et seq. (the "CLRA"); (2) violation of the False Advertising Law, Bus. & Prof. Code § 17500 et seq. (the "FAL"); (3) violation of the Environmental Marketing Claims Act, Bus. & Prof. Code § 17580 et seq.; and (4) violation of the Unfair Competition Law, Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq. (the "UCL").

Factual issues in dispute include whether Defendants misrepresented and/or failed to disclose material facts concerning Huggies® Pure & Natural Diapers and Huggies® Natural Care Baby Wipes; whether Defendants' conduct was unfair and/or deceptive; and whether Plaintiffs and the class members have sustained damages with respect to the statutory claims asserted, and if so, whether damages are properly limited to initial product purchases.

3. Legal Issues: The legal issues involved in this case include: whether the product packaging is likely to lead a reasonable consumer to believe the Products are made entirely of natural materials; whether the putative class is adequately defined and ascertainable; whether the putative class is so numerous that joinder is impracticable; whether there are questions of law or fact common to the class; whether the claims of the named plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the class and/or whether the named plaintiffs are subject to any unique defenses; whether the named plaintiffs can adequately protect the interests of the class; whether common questions of law and fact predominate; and whether a class action is the superior method for adjudicating this dispute.

In the MTD Order, the Court dismissed Plaintiffs' claims to the extent they allege that the Huggies® Pure & Natural Diapers are likely to misrepresent to a reasonable consumer that they are made entirely of organic cotton. (Dkt. 42 at 19.)

4. Motions: The Court granted in part and denied in part Defendants' Motion to Dismiss on December 10, 2013. (Dkt. 42.) The Court granted the motion as to (1) Plaintiffs' lack of standing to pursue injunctive relief (*id.* at 7); (2) Plaintiffs' claims to the extent they allege that the diapers are likely to misrepresent to a reasonable consumer that the product is made entirely of organic cotton (*id.* at 19); and (3) Plaintiffs' claim for alleged violations of the Wisconsin Deceptive Trade Practices Act ("WDTPA"), Wis. Stat. § 100.18 (Dkt. 42 at 22). Because the Court ruled that Plaintiffs failed to allege a claim under the WDTPA, it denied as moot Defendants' argument that the putative nationwide class should be dismissed and/or stricken from the Complaint. (*Id.* at 22 n.4.) The Court denied Defendants' Motion to Dismiss in all other respects.

Plaintiffs anticipate filing a motion for class certification at the appropriate time.

Defendants will oppose any motion for class certification and also plan to file summary judgment motions once sufficient discovery has been obtained.

As discussed in the Motion to Dismiss, although Plaintiffs have named Kimberly-Clark Corporation and Kimberly-Clark Worldwide, Inc. as co-defendants, Defendants believe those entities are improper parties to this suit. (Dkt. 8 at 1 n.1.) If necessary, counsel for Defendants will move to dismiss the wrongly served parties at a later date.

5. Amendment of Pleadings: In the MTD Order, the Court ordered that "[a]n amended complaint, if any, shall be filed no later than 30 days from the date of this Order." (Dkt. 42 at 22.) Plaintiffs elected not to file an amended complaint.

Plaintiffs expect to add parties if discovery reveals the identities of the "Does #1-5" defendants who, along with the identified Defendants, Plaintiffs believe to be responsible for the manufacture, marketing, and/or distribution of the Products. Plaintiffs may also add parties if additional consumers contact them with respect to Defendants' conduct at issue.

6. Evidence Preservation: Plaintiffs have taken steps to preserve evidence relevant to this action, including collecting documents in their possession and saving electronic

documents. Additionally, on April 5, 2013, Plaintiffs sent to Defendants a letter reminding Defendants of their document and electronically stored information preservation requirements.

Defendants have used their best efforts to preserve any electronically stored information in their possession concerning the labeling of Huggies® Pure & Natural Diapers and Huggies® Natural Care Baby Wipes and the allegations contained in the Complaint.

- **7. Disclosures:** On September 19, 2013, the parties held a conference pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(f). On October 3, 2013, the parties conferred about additional discovery matters and exchanged initial disclosures pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(1).
- **8. Discovery:** Defendants filed an Answer to the Complaint on January 24, 2014 (Dkt. 43). The parties subsequently exchanged written discovery. The parties agreed that, due to the volume and complexity of documents requested by Plaintiffs, Defendants' production of documents would be conducted on a rolling basis. On May 21, 2014, and within the reciprocal response deadline agreed upon by the parties, Defendants served their Responses and Objections to Plaintiffs' Interrogatories and Requests for Production. Simultaneously, Defendants produced their first tranche of documents. Defendants will serve a second tranche of documents on or before November 6. Defendants also expect to produce a third and final tranche of documents.

On July 15, 2014, Defendants took the deposition of named plaintiff Dianna Jou. The next day, Defendants took the deposition of named plaintiff Jaynry Young. Ms. Young subsequently decided not to pursue her claims and, on July 31, 2014, filed a Stipulation of Voluntary Dismissal (Dkt. 54), which dismissed her claims with prejudice.

9. Class Actions: Plaintiffs propose that they file a motion for class certification pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 after conducting appropriate discovery.

Defendants contend that numerous individualized issues will prevent class certification in this action.

10. Related Cases: There are no related cases.

11. Relief: At this juncture, Plaintiffs seek only monetary relief. Plaintiffs seek return of the purchase price that they and other consumers paid for the Products. Plaintiffs will seek attorneys' fees and costs at the appropriate time.

Defendants do not presently claim any damages but reserve the right to seek reasonable attorneys' fees and costs at the appropriate time.

12. Settlement and ADR: All parties have complied with ADR L.R. 3-5. (Dkt. Nos. 17, 19, 20.) On September 25, 2013, the parties stipulated and agreed to participate in mediation under ADR L.R. 6. (Dkt. 25.) The stipulation was so ordered on September 26, 2013. (Dkt. 26.)

On October 31, 2013, the Court appointed Timothy E. Carr as Mediator. (Dkt. 33.) On November 21, 2013, the Court granted the parties' stipulation and request to extend the mediation deadline under ADR L.R. 6-4 until February 24, 2014. (Dkt. 39.) The mediation hearing took place on February 11, 2014. Prior to the mediation, the parties exchanged mediation briefs and provided them to the Mediator in compliance with ADR L.R. 6-7. Named plaintiffs Dianna Jou and Jaynry Young appeared on behalf of Plaintiffs, along with their counsel. Kimberly-Clark associate general counsel Tricia Kinney appeared on behalf of Defendants, along with outside counsel. Though the mediation was constructive, the parties determined that it was too early in the case proceedings for viable settlement options to be negotiated.

- 13. Consent to Magistrate Judge for All Purposes: All parties have consented to have a magistrate judge conduct all further proceedings, including trial and entry of judgment.
- **14. Other References:** The parties do not believe the case is suitable for reference to binding arbitration, a special master, or the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation.
- 15. Narrowing of Issues: After further discovery has been conducted, the parties will be in a better position to determine, if necessary, whether issues can be narrowed by agreement or motion.
- **16. Expedited Schedule:** The parties do not believe this action should be handled on an expedited basis with streamlined procedures.

1	DATED: October 30, 2014	REESE RICHMAN LLP
2		Dyy /o/Vim E. Diohman
3		By: <u>/s/ Kim E. Richman</u> KIM E. RICHMAN (pro hac vice)
4		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
5	DATED: October 30, 2014	KING & SPALDING LLP
6		By: <u>/s/ Geoffrey M. Ezgar</u>
7 8		TIMOTHY T. SCOTT GEOFFREY M. EZGAR STEPHEN B. DEVEREAUX (<i>pro hac vice</i>)
9		MADISON H. KITCHENS (pro hac vice)
10		Attorneys for Defendants
11		KIMBERLY-CLARK CORPORATION; KIMBERLY-CLARK WORLDWIDE, INC.; KIMBERLY-CLARK GLOBAL SALES, LLC
12		RIVIDERL I -CLARR GLODAL SALES, LLC
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		UPDATED JOINT CASE MANAGEMENT